

PB1652LAMBDA.1-C
Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation
User's Guide



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ETAS Introduction

#### 1 Introduction

This User's Guide describes the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation. This chapter contains information on the basic functions and the area of use of the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation.



#### CAUTION!

Some components of the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. Leave the board in the transport packaging until it is installed.

The PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation must always be removed from the transport packaging, configured and installed at a workstation that is protected from electrostatic discharge.

#### 1.1 Features

The PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation is a signal conditioning module for simulating lambda sensors on the ES1652.2 Carrier Board for Signal Conditioning Circuits. The module enables two wide-band and two switching-type sensors to be simulated.

It enables the simulation of the following types of lambda sensor:

- LSU4.x, LSU5.1
- ADV4.2
- LSF4.x
- NTK ZFAS<sup>®</sup>

The following controllers are supported:

• CJ135STEP1

Introduction ETAS

### 1.1.1 Using with a Carrier Board

In addition to this module, an analog output and a resistor cascade are required for every lambda sensor simulation (Fig. 1-1).

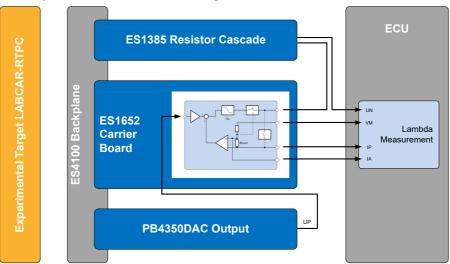
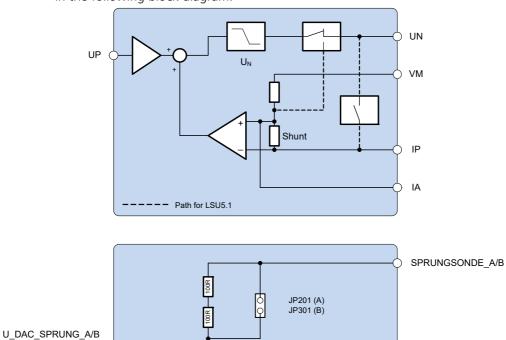


Fig. 1-1 Lambda Sensor Simulation in the HIL System

#### 1.1.2 Block Diagram

The functions of the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C and its inputs and outputs are shown in the following block diagram.



**Fig. 1-2** Block Diagram of the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C (Wide-band/Switching-type Sensors)

LSF\_A/B

ETAS Introduction

An explanation of the abbreviations used:

• UP: Pump voltage (from the HIL system)

• UN: Nernst voltage [ECU pin: RE]

• VM: Virtual ground [ECU pin: IPE]

• IP: Pump current [ECU pin: APE]

• IA: Compensating current [ECU pin: MES]

### 1.2 Basic Safety Instructions

Please adhere to the safety instructions in this manuals to avoid injury to yourself and others as well as damage to the device.

#### 1.2.1 Correct Use

ETAS GmbH cannot be made liable for damage which is caused by incorrect use and not adhering to the safety instructions.

#### 1.2.2 Labeling of Safety Instructions

The safety instructions contained in this manual are shown with the standard danger symbol shown below:



The following safety instructions are used. They provide extremely important information. Please read this information carefully.



#### CAUTION!

indicates a low-risk danger which could result in minor or less serious injury or damage if not avoided.



#### **WARNING!**

indicates a possible medium-risk danger which could lead to serious or even fatal injuries if not avoided.



#### DANGER!

indicates a high-risk, immediate danger which could lead to serious or even fatal injuries if not avoided.

Introduction

### 1.3 RoHS conformity

#### 1.3.1 European Union

The EU Directive 2011/65/EU limits the use of certain dangerous materials for electrical and electronic devices (RoHS conformity).

ETAS confirms that the product corresponds to this directive which is applicable in the European Union.

#### 1.3.2 China

ETAS confirms that the product meets the product-specific applicable guidelines of the China RoHS (Management Methods for Controlling Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products Regulation) applicable in China with the China RoHS marking affixed to the product or its packaging.

#### 1.4 CE marking

ETAS confirms that the product meets the product-specific applicable European Directives with the CE marking affixed to the product or its packaging. The CE Declaration of Conformity for the product is available upon request.

#### 1.5 Taking the Product Back and Recycling

The European Union has passed a directive called Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, or WEEE for short, to ensure that systems are set up throughout the EU for the collection, treatment and recycling of electronic waste.

This ensures that the devices are recycled in a resource-saving way representing no danger to health or the environment.



**Fig. 1-3** WEEE-Symbol

The WEEE symbol on the product or its packaging shows that the product must not be disposed of as residual garbage.

The user is obliged to collect the old devices separately and return them to the WEEE take-back system for recycling.

The WEEE Directive concerns all ETAS devices but not external cables or batteries.

For more information on the ETAS GmbH Recycling Program, contact the ETAS sales and service locations (see "ETAS Contact Addresses" on page 17).

ETAS Hardware

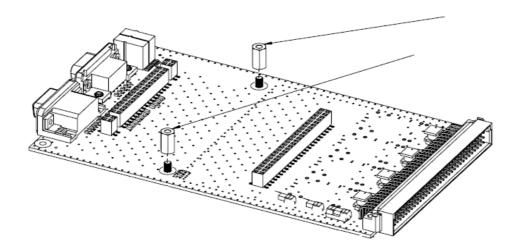
#### 2 Hardware

This chapter describes the assembly and configuration of the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation.

### 2.1 Assembly

To assemble the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C module on the ES1652.2 Carrier Board, proceed as follows:

1. Screw the M3x10 metric spacers supplied with the carrier board onto the protruding screws.



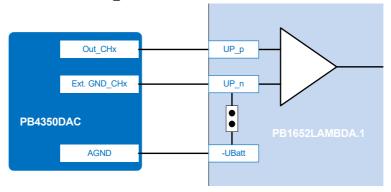
- 2. Align the pin headers of the module with the female headers of the carrier boards in such a way that they match, i.e. discontinuous pin header on a discontinuous female header and continuous pin header on a continuous female header.
- 3. Screw the module tight to the carrier board.

Hardware ETAS

### 2.2 Configuration

### 2.2.1 Jumpers for Ground Reference

For the analog circuit to work, the analog output board in the HiL must output the voltage with reference to –UBatt. The jumpers establish the connection between Ext. GND\_CHx and –UBatt.



#### Note

If, in the wiring harness, Ext.GND\_CHx of the board is already connected with –UBatt, the jumper should be opened!

The jumpers are next to the CO100 pin header.

CO100

### 00 00 00 00

JP100 JP101 JP102 JP103

**Fig. 2-1** Position of the Jumpers

The functions of the individual jumpers are listed below:

Jumper	Connects	With	
JP100	UP_SOLL_N_A* ("IN 6") (wide-band sensor A)	–UBatt ("IN 5")	
JP101	UP_SOLL_N_B* ("IN 7") (wide-band sensor B)	–UBatt ("IN 5")	
JP102	DAC_SPRUNG_GND_A* "IN 8") (switching-type sensor A)	–UBatt ("IN 5")	
JP103 DAC_SPRUNG_GND_B* "IN 9") —UBatt (" (switching-type sensor B)			
* A, B specify th	* A, B specify the two sensors simulated with the module		

**Tab. 2-1** Function of Jumpers JP100 - JP103

ETAS Hardware

### 2.2.2 Relays for the Simulation of Wide-Band Sensors of the Type "LSU5.1"

For the simulation of wide-band sensors of the type "LSU5.1", relays on the board have to be switched (see Fig. 1-2 on page 6). For this purpose, 12 V has to be applied at Pin 15 ("RELAY\_VCC") of the "OUT 1..15" port (see Tab. 3-2 on page 14).

The relay for wide-band sensor A is switched when Pin 12 ("RELAY\_LSW\_A") is connected with GND; the relay for wide-band sensor B is switched when Pin 11 ("RELAY\_LSW\_B") is connected with GND.

#### 2.2.3 Configuration of Switching-Type Sensors

The resistors (200 Ohm) of the switching-type sensors are already present on the modules. External variable resistors can be used by setting the jumpers on the board (P201/JP301 - see Fig. 2-2).

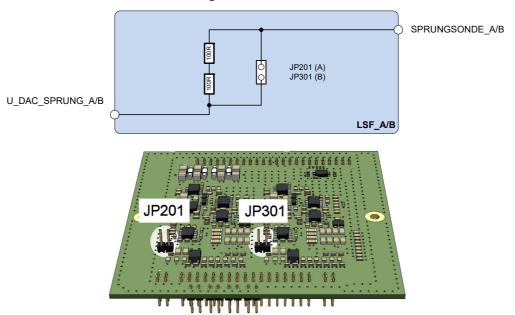


Fig. 2-2 Jumpers for the Resistors of a Switching-Type Sensor

Hardware ETAS

### 2.2.4 Integration of Lambda Sensor Simulation in LABCAR

The following figure shows an example of how to connect the lambda sensor simulation to LABCAR.

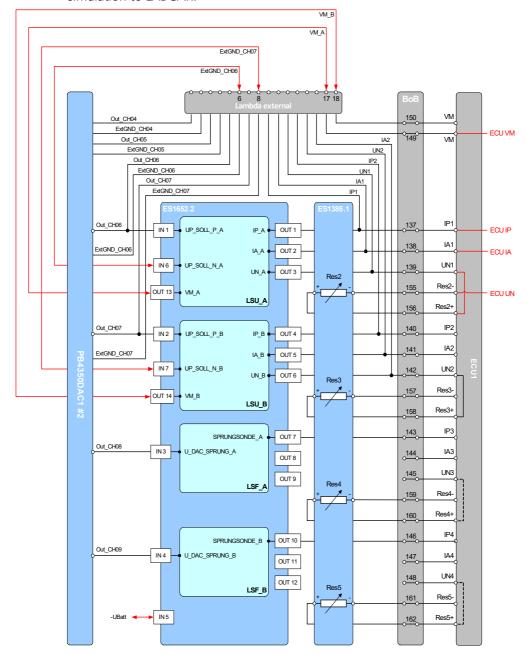


Fig. 2-3 Connection to LABCAR

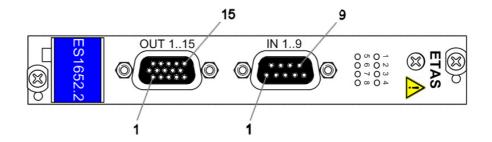
#### Note

The connections shown in red must be explicitly established!

### 3 Pin Assignment and LEDs

Once the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation has been mounted on the ES1652.2 Carrier Board for Signal Conditioning Circuits, the required signals are available over both front-facing connectors.

### 3.1 Front-Facing Connector of the ES1652.2 Carrier Board



IN 19	Signal	CO100 on Carrier Board
1	UP_SOLL_P_A	18
2	UP_SOLL_P_B	17
3	U_DAC_SPRUNG_A	16
4	U_DAC_SPRUNG_B	15
5	–UBatt	14
6	UP_SOLL_N_A	13
7	UP_SOLL_N_B	12
8	DAC_SPRUNG_GND_A	11
9	DAC_SPRUNG_GND_B	10
Housing	Protective earth	

**Tab. 3-1** Signals at the "IN 1..9" Connector

#### Note

To avoid problems with leakage current detection with the CJ135, we recommend using a galvanically isolated, analog output for addressing UP.

OUT 115	Signal (Meaning) [ECU Pin]	CO100 on Carrier Board
1	IP_A (pump current sensor A) [APE]	34
2	IA_A (compensating current sensor A) [MES]	33
3	UN_A (Nernst voltage sensor A) [RE]	32
4	IP_B (pump current sensor B) [APE]	31
5	IA_B (compensating current sensor B) [MES]	30
6	UN_B (Nernst voltage sensor B) [RE]	29
7	SPRUNGSONDE_A	28
8	n.c.	27
9	n.c.	26
10	SPRUNGSONDE_B	25
11	RELAY_LSW_B (see section 2.2.2 on page 11)	24
12	RELAY_LSW_A (see section 2.2.2 on page 11)	23
13	VM_A (virtual ground sensor A) [IPE]	22
14	VM_B (virtual ground sensor B) [IPE]	21
15	RELAY_VCC (see section 2.2.2 on page 11)	20
Housing	Protective earth	

**Tab. 3-2** Signals at "OUT 1..15" Connector

### 3.2 LEDs



Fig. 3-1 LEDs on the Front Panel of the ES1652.2 Carrier Board

The yellow LEDs always light up when there is a module on the carrier board. The red LEDs are not addressed by the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C.

ETAS Technical Data

### 4 Technical Data

Analog Inputs	
Input voltage UP	05 V
Input current IP	±3 mA between IP and VM
Analog Outputs	
Output voltage UN	01 V
Overvoltage protection IP, IA, VM	±12 V for every channel
Usable with ES1652.1 and ES1652.2	Yes
Supported Controllers	
CJ135STEP1	LSU4.x, LSF4.x, LSU5.1, ADV4.2, NTK ZFAS®
Environmental Conditions	
Operating temperature	+5 °C to +50 °C (+41 °F to +122 °F)
Relative humidity	0 to 95% (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	+5 °C to +85 °C (+41 °F to +185 °F)
Relative humidity	0 to 95% (non-condensing)

### 4.1 Fulfilled Standards and Norms

The PB1652LAMBDA.1-C meets the following norms and standards:

Standard	Test
IEC 61326-1	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements (industrial setting)
IEC 61010-1	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements

The module is only intended for use in industrial settings in accordance with EN 61326-1. Avoid potential radio interference when using the module outside of the industrial settings with additional shielding measures!



#### **WARNING!**

This is class A equipment. This equipment can cause radio interference in residential areas. Should that be the case, the operator may be requested to institute reasonable measures.

## **5 Ordering Information**

This chapter features the ordering information for the PB1652LAMBDA.1-C as follows:

Order Name	<b>Short Name</b>	Order Number
PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation	PB1652LAMBDA.1-C	F-00K-109-934
Scope of Supply	Pieces	
PB1652LAMBDA.1-C Signal Conditioning for Lambda Sensor Simulation	1	

### **6 ETAS Contact Addresses**

ETAS HQ

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 WWW: www.etas.com

#### ETAS Subsidiaries and Technical Support

For details of your local sales office as well as your local technical support team and product hotlines, take a look at the ETAS website:

ETAS subsidiaries WWW: <u>www.etas.com/en/contact.php</u>
ETAS technical support WWW: <u>www.etas.com/en/hotlines.php</u>

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